



The Pony double ended crochet hooks create stunning, seamless Tunisian Crochet in the round using the two hooks to alternate the two yarns. The hooks are available in sizes 2 - 12 mm and in 30 and 35 cm lengths.

The Pony safety stitch markers are cleverly designed to slip onto your stitches and can be locked, like safety pins, to keep the markers in place.



Knitting Needles
Sewing Needles
Crochet Hooks
Knitting and Sewing Accessories
Snaps and Pins

Tunisian Crochet in the round

Materials:

7 mm Pony double-ended crochet hook
Pony safety stitch markers
50 g/55 m chunky wool in colour A
50 g/75 m chunky wool in colour B

Finished size:

To fit a head circumference of about 56 to 58 cm or 59 to 61 cm. (Instructions for the larger size are given in brackets).

Tension:

12 stitches x 12 rows (forward and return pass are counted as one row) = 10 x 10 cm (It is important to check the tension to ensure that you achieve the correct size).

Abbreviations:

ss = slip stitch
FP = forward pass (when you put stitches on the hook)
RP = Return pass (when you work stitches off the hook)
A = colour A
B = colour B

To Make:

TIP: Pony double-ended crochet hooks are used like an Afghan or Tunisian hook. Loops are picked up on the hook in one row (forward pass) and then worked off the hook in the next (return pass). The hat is made in a spiral. Because of this, it is necessary to work 50% of the stitches completely first and then work the remaining 50% of each round.



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It's as simple as that:



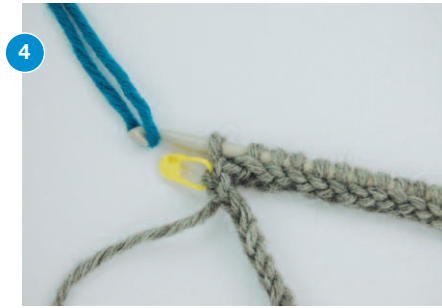
With A, chain 59 (64). Ss to join, taking care not to twist the chains. Check for size. Mark the last stitch with a stitch marker.



Round 1: Start the forward pass by inserting the hook into one loop of the chain (use the same part of the chain for each stitch), yarn over, draw loop through, leaving loop on the hook.



Continue to pick up loops in this way until you have roughly 50% of the stitches on the hook, or until no more can fit.



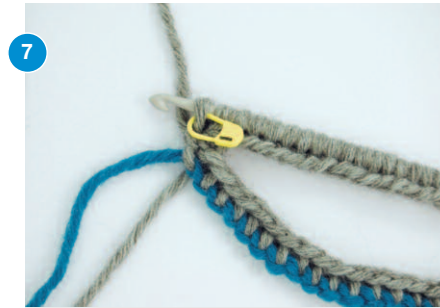
Turn the work and use the opposite hook. To start the return pass, make a loop with B and pull it through the first loop on hook. (Pulling through one loop is only necessary for the first round).



Yarn over and pull through two loops (one of B and one of A). Continue to yarn over and pull through two loops until just one stitch of the FP and one of the RP remain on the hook.



Turn the work. Continue the FP with A by picking up loops until you reach the marker.



Work stitch where marker is, move marker to the stitch you just completed (the new end of round stitch).



Turn the work. Continue the RP with B – yarn over and pull through two loops until just one loop of FP and one of RP are on the hook.

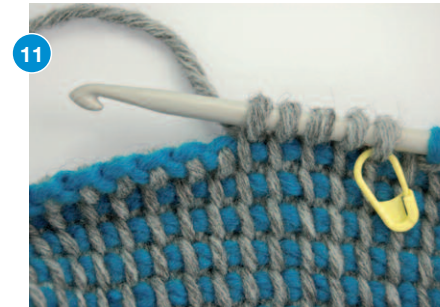


Turn the work. One round complete.

TIP: The FP is always worked in colour A and the RP is always worked using colour B. Each new round will always start with a FP using A.



Round 2 to 16 (22): Repeat Round 1, but this time for the FP insert hook into the vertical bar (in colour A, just below the RP that you just completed), instead of picking up the chain stitch. Continue as before.



Round 17 (23): Decreasing starts. *Decrease over every 4th and 5th stitch in the FP* (by inserting the hook through both the 4th and 5th vertical posts, instead of just the 4th). Repeat from * to *, ending with a decrease

stitch, until you have to turn. Complete the RP as normal. Turn. Repeat from * to * again over the FP. Turn. Complete the RP. Turn.

Round 18 (24): Following the style of Round 17 (23), decrease over every 3rd and 4th stitch in the FP. Work the RP as normal.

Round 19 (25): Following the style of Round 17 (23), decrease over every 2nd and 3rd stitch in the FP. Work the RP as normal.

Round 20 (26) onwards: Following the style of Round 17 (23), decrease over every 2 stitches in the FP, working the RP as normal, until there are just 4 stitches left. Work the RP as normal. Yarn over and pull through the last loop on hook. Pull the working yarn to the inside and sew in ends.

